

# Safety Conversation Guide

How to Talk About Risk, Readiness, and Support

This guide is designed to help you have sensitive, safety-focused conversations with someone who may be experiencing domestic or family violence. It is not a substitute for professional advice — it's a compassionate starting point for connection and safety planning.

# 1. Before You Begin

## Pause. Prepare. Protect.

- Choose a private and calm space. Avoid conversations where the person's partner or anyone else can overhear.
- Check your own state first. Take a breath. Be grounded, not reactive.
- **Respect their autonomy**. Your role is to listen, not to fix.
- Have resources ready. Keep helpline numbers or local services on hand (see resource list below).

# **2.** How to Start the Conversation

### **Gentle Openers:**

- "I've noticed you don't seem yourself lately how are things at home?"
- "Sometimes when people seem anxious around their partner, it can mean they're not feeling safe. Is that something you'd like to talk about?"
- "You deserve to feel safe and respected. Is everything okay in your relationship?"

### Avoid:

- Interrogating ("Why don't you just leave?")
- Blaming ("You must have done something to make him angry.")
- Making promises you can't keep ("I'll fix this.")

# 3. Listening Without Judgment

- Believe them. Even if what you hear seems hard to imagine.
- Validate feelings. "That sounds frightening." "No one deserves that."
- Stay calm. Your composure helps them feel safe.
- Avoid giving orders. Instead, ask, "What do you feel you need right now?"

# 4. Talking About Safety

If someone discloses abuse, explore their immediate and longer-term safety gently.

### Ask:

- "Do you feel safe right now?"
- "Do you have somewhere you can go if you need to leave quickly?"
- "Would you like to talk about a safety plan together?"

# **Practical Steps to Suggest:**

- Keep essential documents, medications, and keys together.
- Code-word with a trusted friend.
- Memorise key phone numbers.
- Avoid digital tracking turn off location sharing, use safe devices.

# **\$\frac{1}{2}\$** 5. Supporting Next Steps

- Offer to help them **contact support services** or **apply for Clare's Law** (where available).
- Encourage them to reach out to trained domestic violence counsellors.
- Respect their timing. Leaving can be dangerous and complex.
- Check in later safety is built through **consistent care**, not one conversation.

# 6. What to Say if They're Not Ready

- "That's okay. You don't have to decide anything today."
- "Whenever you're ready, I'm here to listen."
- "You're not alone, and it's not your fault."
- "There are services that can help keep you safe when you're ready."

# **(S)** 7. For Professionals & Advocates

# If you're a health worker, advocate, or volunteer:

- Follow trauma-informed principles: *Safety, Trust, Choice, Collaboration, Empowerment.*
- Document only what's necessary.
- Never share information without consent, unless someone is in immediate danger.
- Keep your own emotional boundaries seek supervision or debriefing.

# **&** 8. Key Contacts (Australia)

- 1800RESPECT: 1800 737 732 (24/7)
- Lifeline: 13 11 14
- Men's Referral Service: 1300 766 491
- Police or Emergency: 000
- South Australia Domestic Violence Disclosure Scheme (Clare's Law): sa.gov.au/dvdisclosure

# 🌺 9. Remember

Safety conversations are acts of care, not confrontation.

You don't need perfect words — just genuine presence.

When we replace silence with compassion, we plant the seed of change.

# **\*** Downloadable Resource

<u>Free Printable PDF – "Safety Conversation Quick Sheet"</u>